Financial Well-Being Study

November 2019

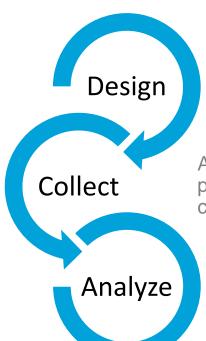


Content Directory

Methodology	.3
Financial Well-Being Behaviors	4
Living Expenses	.11
College/Professional Development	.15
Health Care	21
Retirement	.26
Family Planning	35
Organizational Practices	.40
Respondent Profiles	.45



Methodology



WorldatWork partnered with Computershare to design a survey focused on measuring the actions being taken by employers to boost the financial well-being of their associates.

A random sample of WorldatWork members were invited to participate in the survey via email and WorldatWork online channels, resulting in a final sample of 326 respondents.

Analysis of the end sample verified that study respondents are a representative mix of the WorldatWork member community.

Sample sizes vary by question. Please note that statistical reliability will fluctuate based upon sample sizes. A list of participating organizations can be found here.





Financial Well-Being **Behaviors**





Life events and rising health-care costs are top drivers of workforce stress

What are the top two financial stressors within your workforce? (Select two.)

Stressful personal situations or life events that distract employees at work – 39% Rising cost of health care, including premiums and out-of-pocket expenses – 34%

Expense and pressure associated with caring for dependents – 24% Personal or family debt not related to student loans - 22%

Student loan debt - 19%

Insufficient retirement savings – 18%

Responsibility for retirement, saving and investing decisions – 16%

Potential threats of merger, acquisition, layoff or workforce restructuring – 15%

Benefits changes like retirement and medical plan changes and updates – 8%





Most companies already offer financial well-being benefits and half of those that don't are considering

Which statement most accurately reflects your company's current approach in offering financial well-being programs to employees?

70% Offer

- 36% currently offer financial well-being programs and intend to offer more support next year
- 34% offer financial well-being programs but do not intend to offer more

30% Don't

- 12% currently do not offer financial well-being programs, but are interested in offering the benefit
- 3% do not currently offer, but are actively implementing financial well-being benefits
- 15% do not currently offer and do not intend to





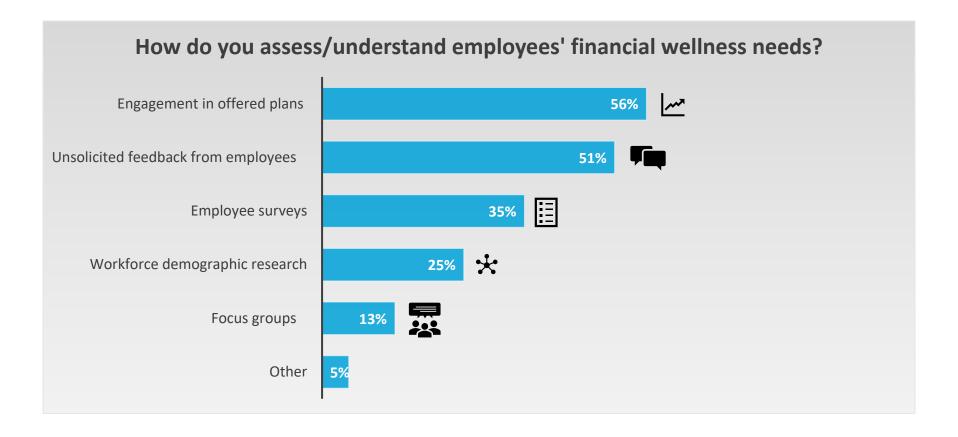
Organizations feel financial well-being is more useful for boosting existing employees vs. attracting new talent







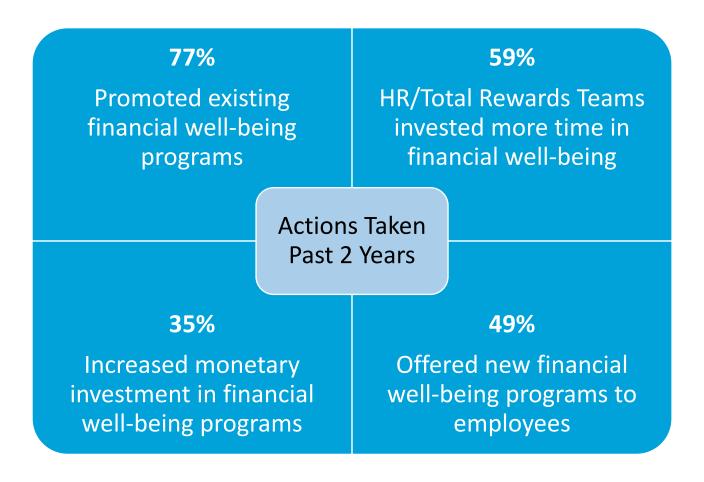
Most participants indicate they leverage benefit engagement to assess needs







Respondents currently offering financial well-being programs are actively promoting/enhancing the benefit







In general, most are not currently tailoring financial well-being program communications by audience

Does your company tailor financial well-being programs/communications by employee segment?

7%	Hourly employees
6%	Based on engagement in existing offerings - By earnings level
5%	Other
4%	Millennial employees
3%	Based on geography - Based on hire tenure - Parental status
2%	For those with young children
1%	Based on marital status - For those with adult children





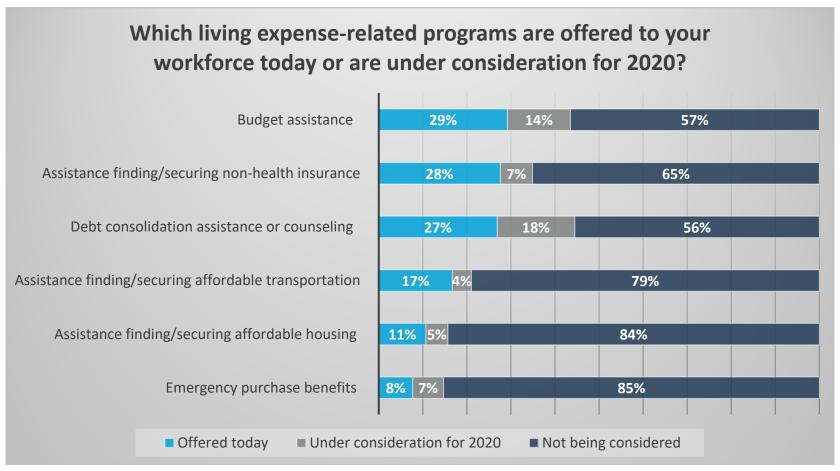


Living Expenses





Budget assistance is the most common benefit offered, while emergency purchase benefits are rare

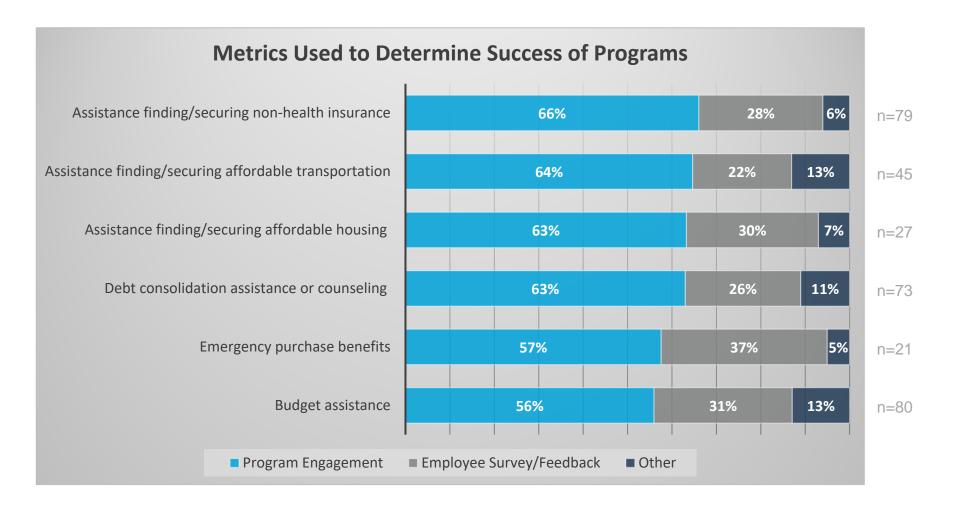








The success of these programs is heavily measured by participation and employee feedback







Program Success Measures – Detailed Breakdown

	Program Engagement	Employee Survey/ Feedback	Retention Indicators	Productivity	Leadership Feedback
Budget assistance (n=80)	56%	31%	8%	3%	3%
Debt consolidation assistance or counseling (n=73)	63%	26%	8%	1%	1%
Emergency purchase benefits (n=21)	57%	37%	0%	0%	5%
Assistance finding/securing affordable housing (n=27)	63%	30%	4%	0%	4%
Assistance finding/securing affordable transportation (n=45)	64%	22%	4%	0%	9%
Assistance finding/securing non-health insurance (n=79)	66%	28%	1%	3%	3%

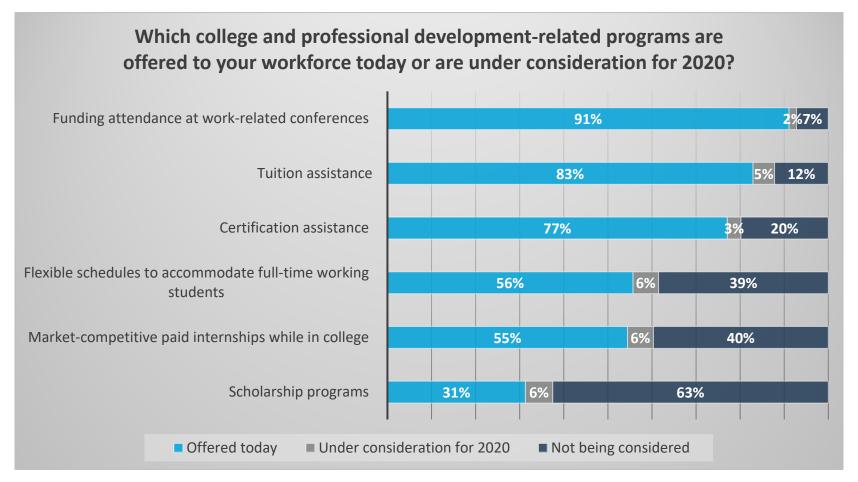




College and Professional Development



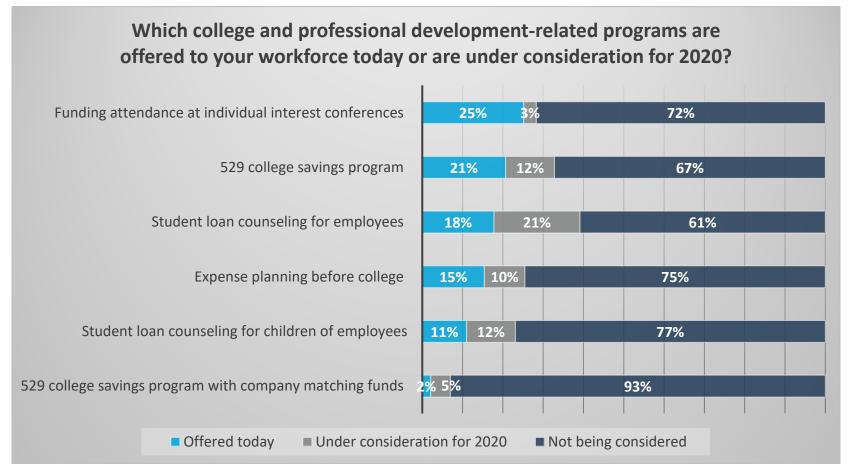
Education benefits that can improve employee skills are adopted at much higher rates







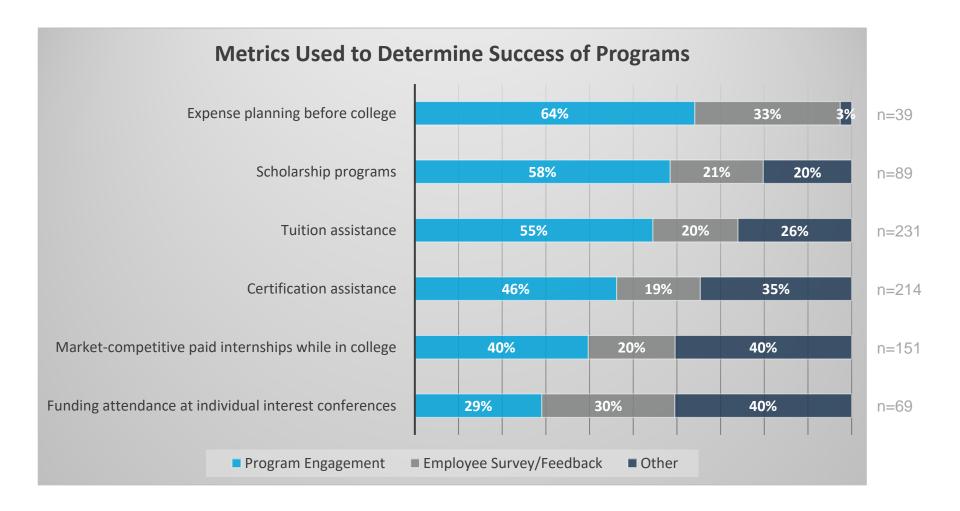
College education and benefits for potential employees are not commonly offered





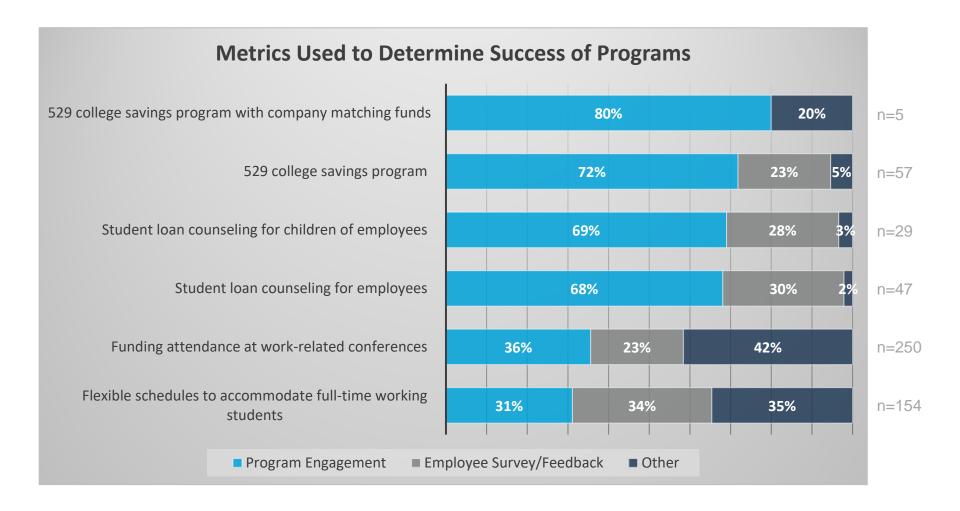


Success measurement methods vary by program, but engagement and feedback are utilized the most





Success measurement methods vary by program, but engagement and feedback are utilized the most





Program Success Measures – Detailed Breakdown

	Program Engagement	Employee Survey/ Feedback	Retention Indicators	Growth Indicators	Productivity	Leadership Feedback
Scholarship programs (n=89)	58%	21%	6%	5%	1%	9%
Expense planning before college (n=39)	64%	33%	3%	0%	0%	0%
Market-competitive paid internships while in college (n=151)	40%	20%	22%	5%	1%	13%
Tuition assistance (n=231)	55%	20%	9%	13%	0%	4%
Certification assistance (n=214)	46%	19%	10%	21%	1%	3%
Funding attendance at individual interest conferences (n=69)	29%	30%	10%	16%	1%	13%
Funding attendance at work-related conferences (n=250)	36%	23%	8%	23%	1%	10%
Student loan counseling for employees (n=47)	68%	30%	2%	0%	0%	0%
Student loan counseling for children of employees (n=29)	69%	28%	3%	0%	0%	0%
529 college savings program (n=57)	72%	23%	2%	0%	2%	2%
529 college savings program with company match (n=5)	80%	0%	20%	0%	0%	0%
Flexible schedules for full-time, working students (n=154)	31%	34%	15%	7%	7%	7%

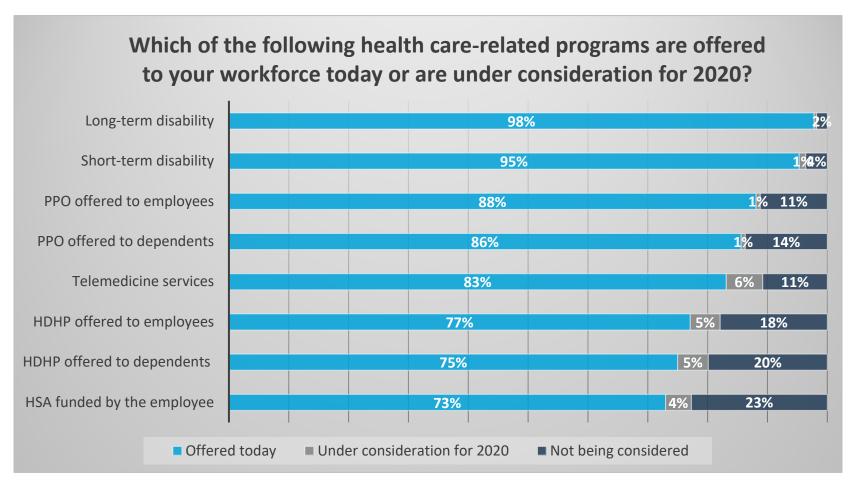




Health Care



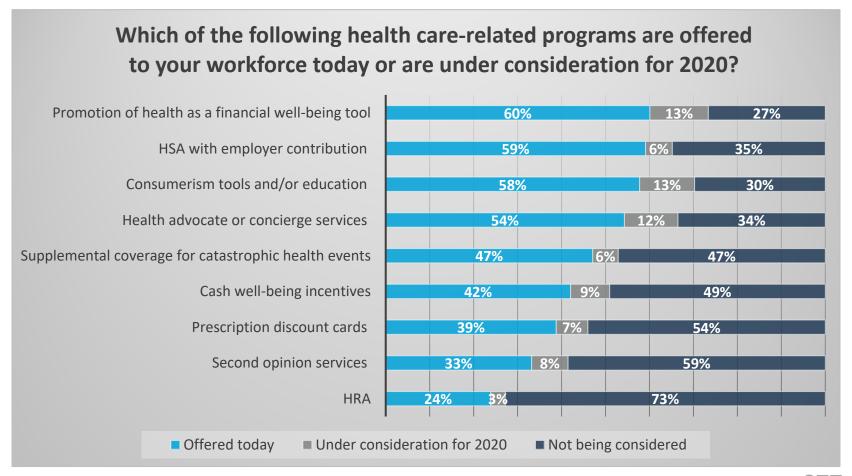
Disability is offered by nearly all employers, and telemedicine options are continuing to surge







HRA has the lowest adoption of all health care programs measured, and future consideration is low as well

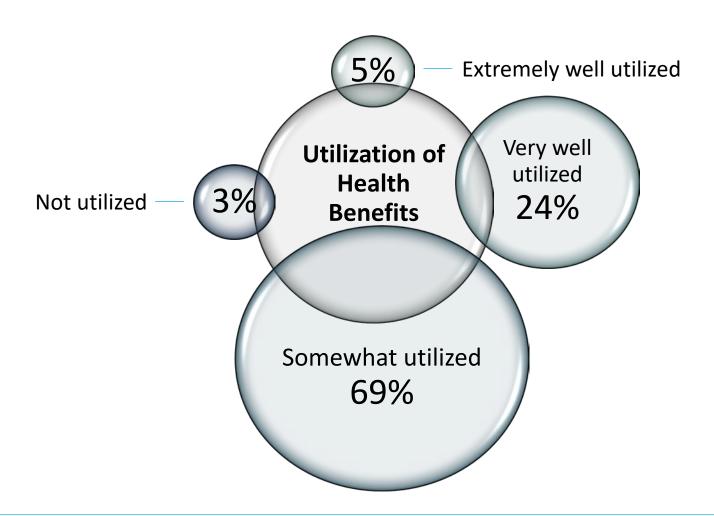








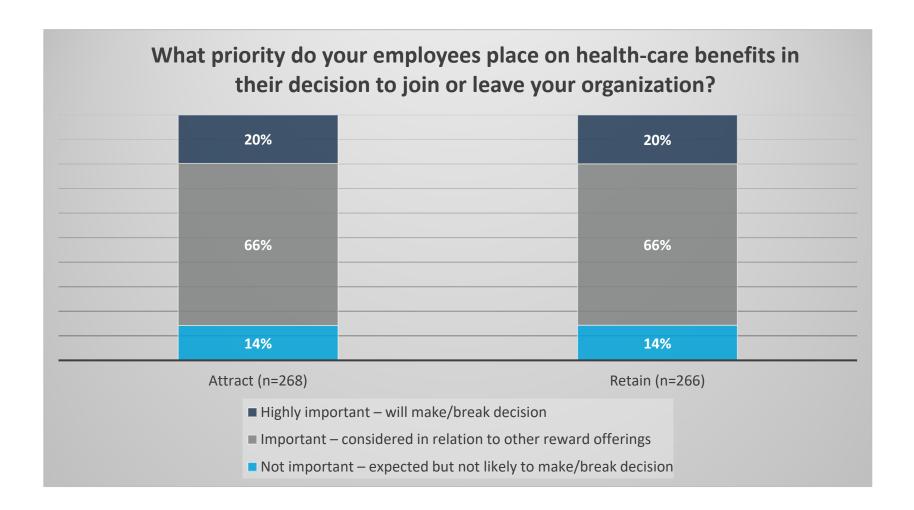
Just under 1/3 classify usage as very to extremely well, emphasizing the importance of these benefits







Respondents felt health benefits are equally important for the attraction and retention of employees

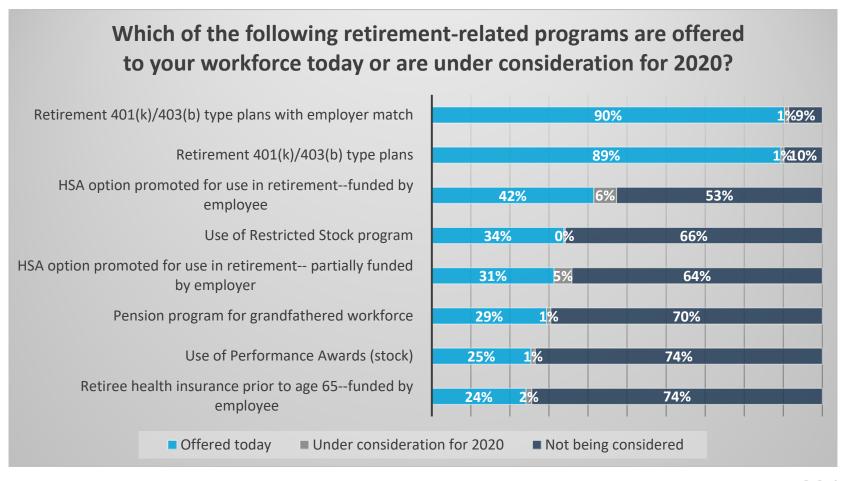




Retirement



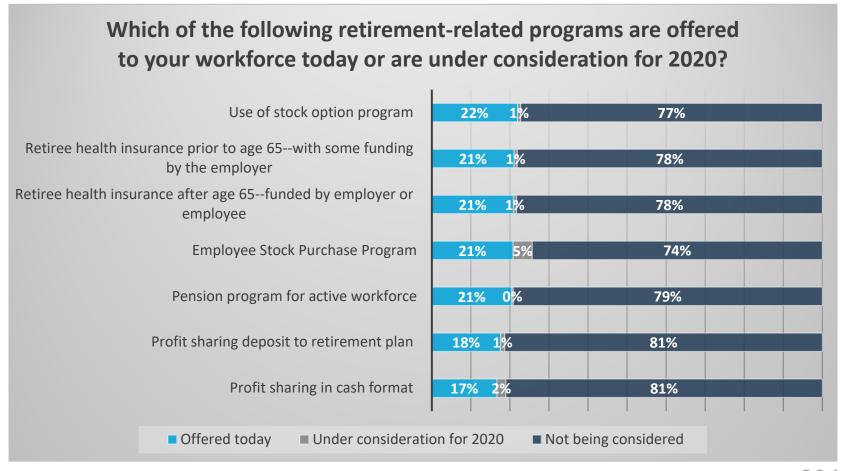
Retirement 401k/403b programs are widely offered, while stock and profit-sharing benefits are not as common







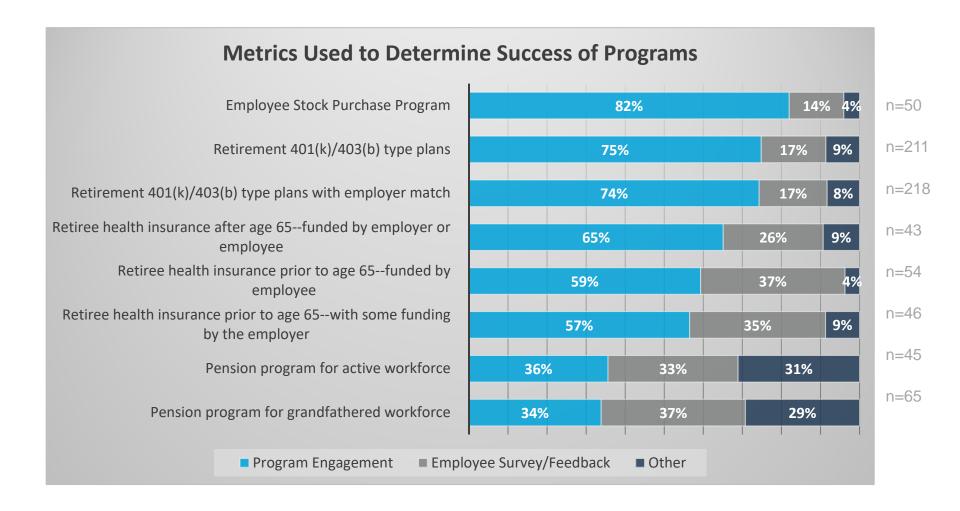
Retiree health insurance is not a very popular benefit either, but still offered by ~1/5 organizations





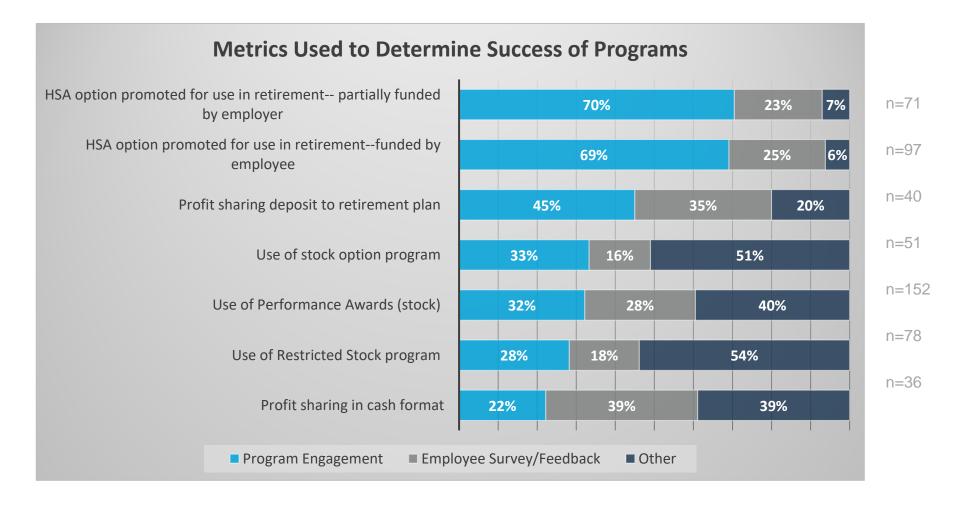


As seen with the other financial benefits, engagement and feedback are the most common success measures





Those offering stock options/restricted stock/performance awards rely more heavily on retention as an indicator







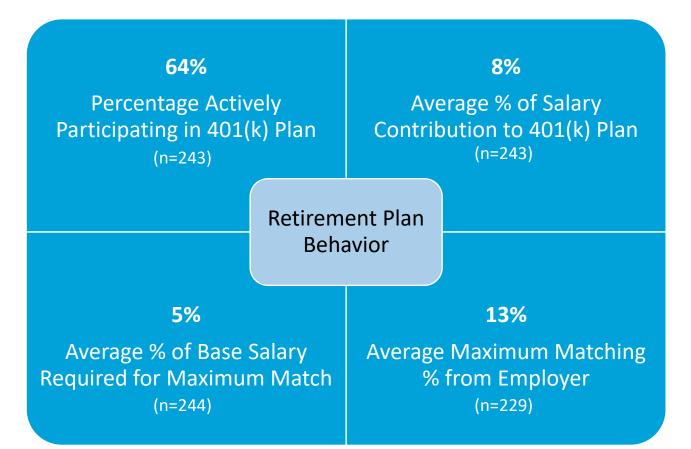
Program Success Measures – Detailed Breakdown

	Program Engagement	Employee Survey/ Feedback	Retention Indicators	Growth Indicators	Productivity
Pension program for active workforce (n=45)	36%	33%	29%	0%	2%
Pension program for grandfathered workforce (n=65)	34%	37%	26%	2%	2%
Retirement 401(k)/403(b) type plans (n=211)	75%	17%	8%	0%	1%
Retirement type plans with employer match (n=218)	74%	17%	8%	0%	1%
Employee Stock Purchase Program (n=50)	82%	14%	4%	0%	0%
Retiree health insurance prior to age 65funded by employee (n=54)	59%	37%	4%	0%	0%
Retiree health insurance prior to age 65 with some funding by the employer (n=46)	57%	35%	9%	0%	0%
Retiree health insurance after age 65funded by employer or employee (n=43)	65%	26%	9%	0%	0%
HSA option promoted for use in retirementfunded by employee (n=97)	69%	25%	6%	0%	0%
HSA option promoted for use in retirement partially funded by employer (n=71)	70%	23%	7%	0%	0%
Profit sharing in cash format (n=36)	22%	39%	25%	6%	8%
Profit sharing deposit to retirement plan (n=40)	45%	35%	20%	0%	0%
Use of stock option program (n=51)	33%	16%	45%	4%	2%
Use of Restricted Stock program (n=78)	28%	18%	49%	5%	0%
Use of Performance Awards (stock) (n=152)	32%	28%	30%	5%	5%





While almost 90% of measure organizations offer 401k/403b plans, only 64% of associates participate



What percentage of your workforce actively participates in your 401(k)/403(b)/etc. plan?

What is the average employee contribution to your 401(k)/403(b)/etc. plan among participants?

What percentage of base salary do employees need to contribute to get the maximum matching contribution to their 401(k)/403(b)/etc.?

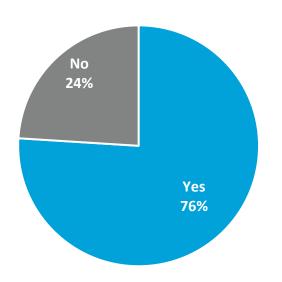
What is the maximum percentage matching contribution to employee 401(k)/403(b)/etc. plans from the employer?





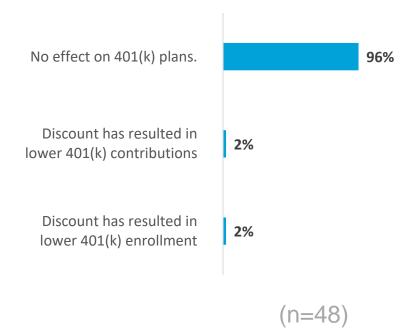
Over two-thirds of companies offering ESPP do so at a discounted rate, with little to no impact on 401k plans

Do you offer a discounted purchase price under your ESPP?



(n=276)

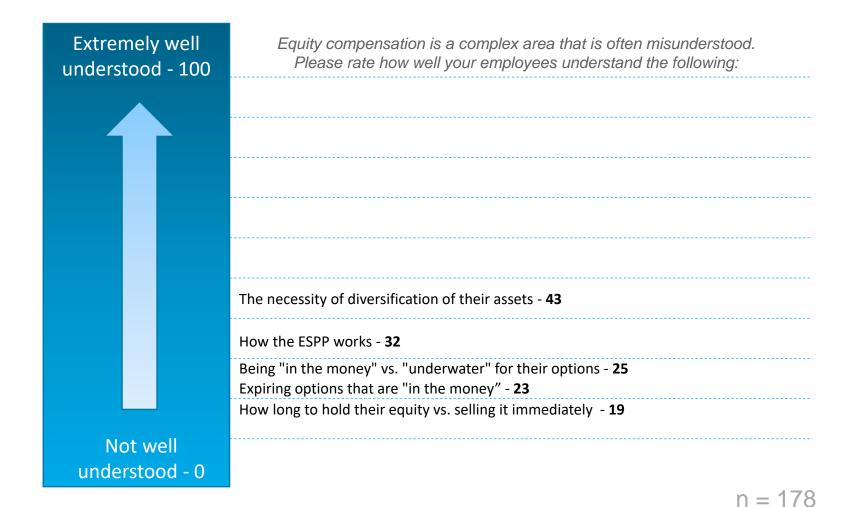
When employees participate in your ESPP, does this affect employee enrollment and/or contributions to 401(k)s?







Levels of knowledge around financial benefits are low, though a sizeable portion understand asset diversification importance

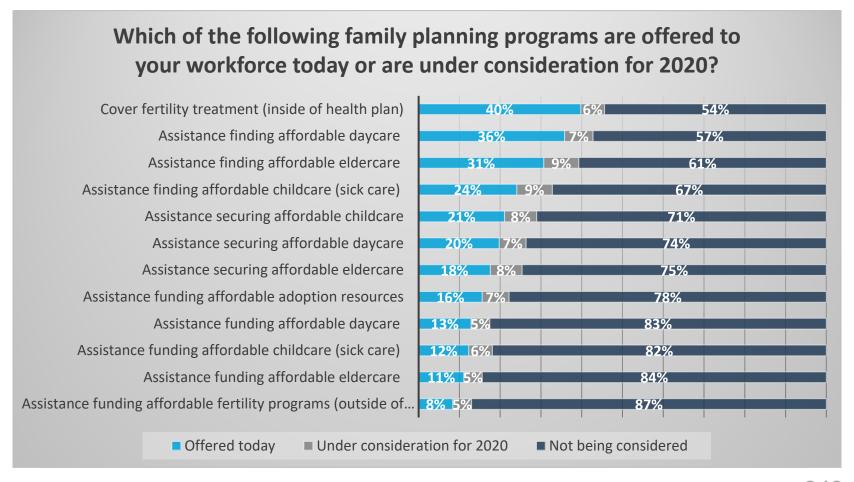




Family Planning



Organizations are much more likely to offer assistance finding/securing services vs. funding them

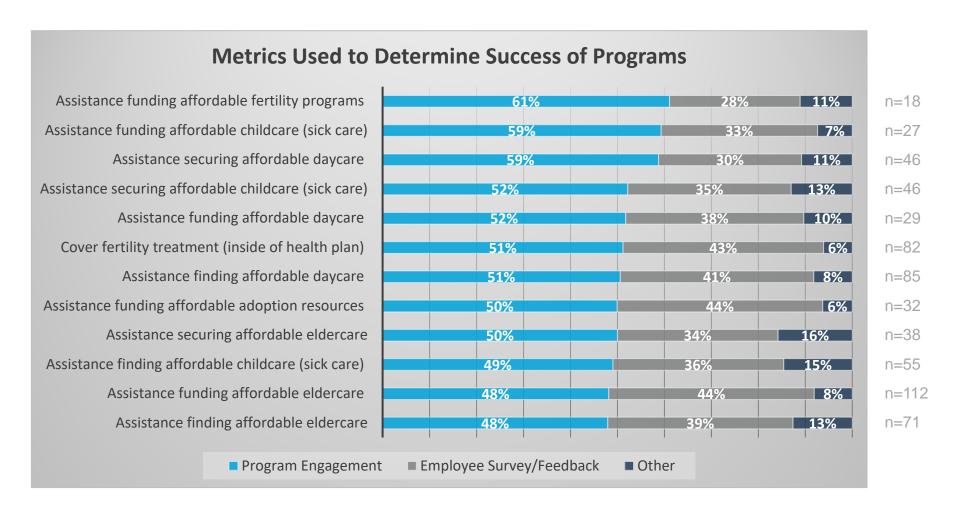








Family planning programs are widely measured using engagement and feedback metrics





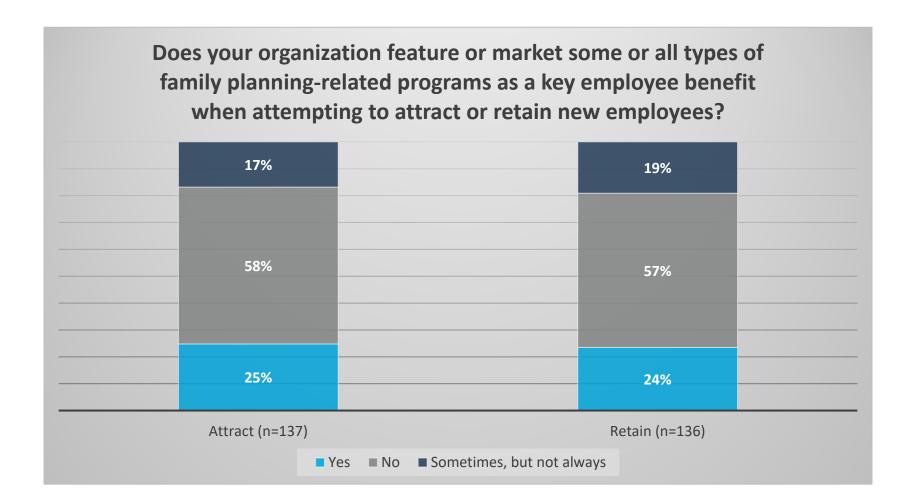
Program Success Measures – Detailed Breakdown

	Program Engagement	Employee Survey/ Feedback	Retention Indicators	Growth Indicators	Productivity
Assistance finding affordable daycare (n=85)	51%	41%	5%	0%	4%
Assistance securing affordable daycare (n=46)	59%	30%	7%	0%	4%
Assistance funding affordable daycare (n=29)	52%	38%	7%	0%	3%
Assistance finding affordable childcare (sick care) (n=55)	49%	36%	7%	0%	7%
Assistance securing affordable childcare (sick care) (n=46)	52%	35%	9%	0%	4%
Assistance funding affordable childcare (sick care) (n=27)	59%	33%	7%	0%	0%
Assistance finding affordable eldercare (n=71)	48%	39%	7%	0%	6%
Assistance securing affordable eldercare (n=38)	50%	34%	11%	0%	5%
Assistance funding affordable eldercare (n=112)	48%	44%	5%	0%	4%
Assistance funding affordable adoption resources (n=32)	50%	44%	6%	0%	0%
Cover fertility treatment (inside of health plan) (n=82)	51%	43%	6%	0%	0%
Assistance funding affordable fertility programs (outside of health plan) (n=18)	61%	28%	11%	0%	0%





Family planning benefits are not generally used to attract or retain talent

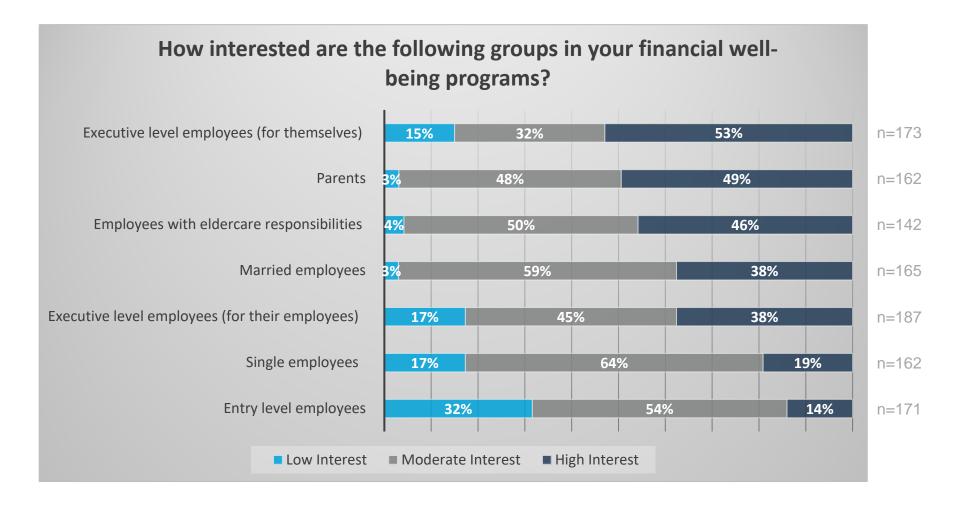




Organizational Practices



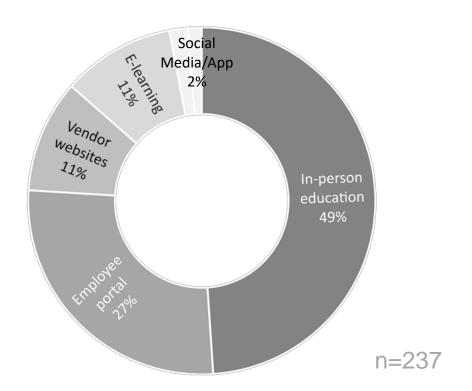
Executives, parents and those with eldercare needs are most interested in financial well-being programs





Most leverage in-person education and company portals for engagement, very few use apps/social media

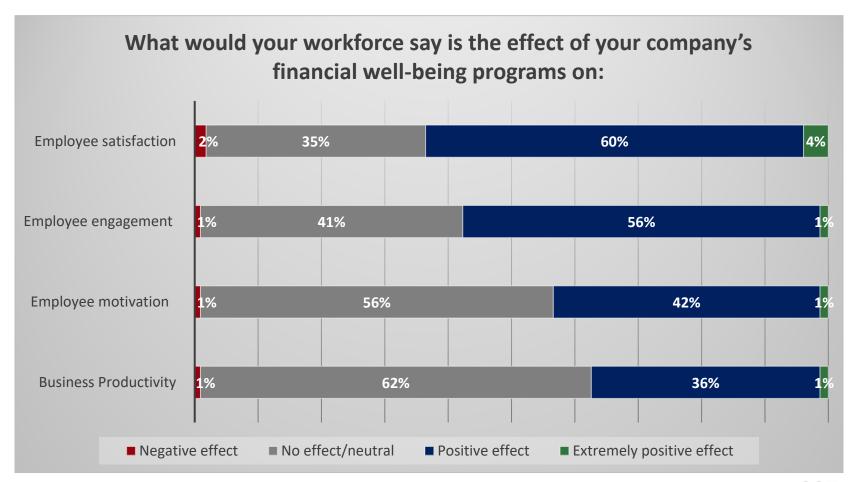
What is the most effective engagement strategy for your company's financial well-being programs?







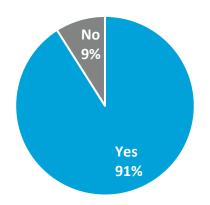
Financial benefits impact satisfaction and engagement the most, but also lift productivity and motivation





Respondents indicate above-average growth for financial well-being benefits

Have investments in benefits related to financial well-being increased at a pace that EXCEEDS other benefit program costs?



n = 237

Does your organization provide a Total Rewards Statement to your employees? (Select all that apply).

42% - No

33% - Yes, annually

15% - Yes, via management system on demand

2% - Yes, when requested by the employee

8% - Other

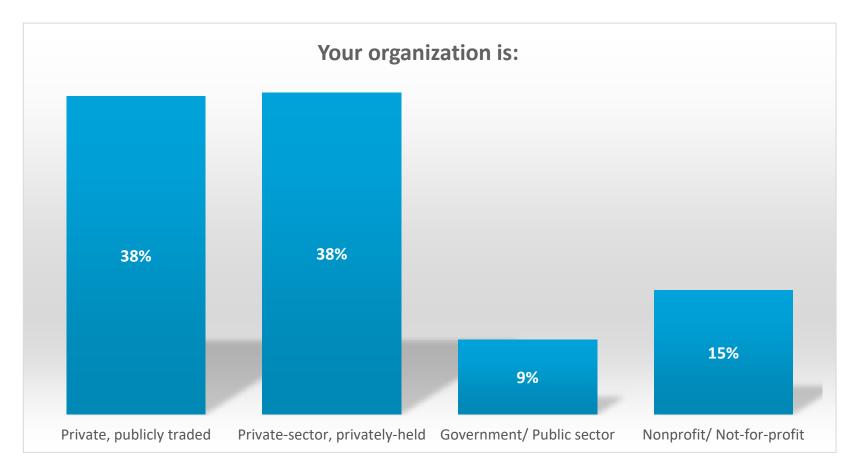




Respondent Profile



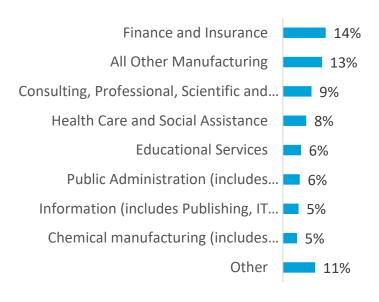
Company Sector





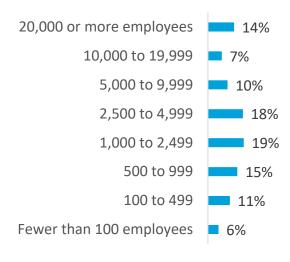
Company Industry and Size

Under which industry does your organization fall?



n = 237

How many full-time equivalent (FTE) employees does your organization have?







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